

# 2022 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

## School Districts without Chapter 313 Agreements

Spur ISD	806-271-3272
School District's Name	Phone (area code and number)
800 N Williams Spur, Tx 79370	www.spurbulldogs.com
School District's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	School District's Website Address

**GENERAL INFORMATION:** Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of value and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submit the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable. Tax Code Section 26.04(e-1) does not require school districts to certify the tax rate calculations.

This worksheet is for **school districts without Chapter 313 agreements only**. School districts that have a Chapter 313 agreement should use Comptroller Form 50-884 *Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School Districts with Chapter 313 Agreements*.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form. Use Comptroller Form 50-858 *Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts* or Comptroller Form 50-860 *Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet*.

All other taxing units should use Comptroller Form 50-856 *Tax Rate Calculation, Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts*.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) provides detailed information on and guidance to school districts in calculating their tax rates. Please review and rely on information provided by TEA when completing this worksheet. Additionally, the information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

### SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of revenue if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years (no new taxes). When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	<b>2021 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount of 2021 taxable value on the 2021 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections made under Tax Code Section 25.25(d) from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2). <sup>1</sup>	\$ 147,002,390
2.	<b>2021 tax ceilings.</b> Enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. <sup>2</sup>	\$ 0
3.	<b>Preliminary 2021 adjusted taxable value.</b> Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 147,002,390
4.	<b>2021 total adopted tax rate.</b>	\$ 1.34540 /\$100
5.	<b>2021 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2021 appraised value.</b>	
	A. Original 2021 ARB values: ..... \$ 0	
	B. 2021 values resulting from final court decisions: ..... - \$ 0	
	C. 2021 value loss. Subtract B from A. <sup>3</sup>	\$ 0
6.	<b>2021 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.</b>	
	A. 2021 ARB certified value: ..... \$ 0	
	B. 2021 disputed value: ..... - \$ 0	
	C. 2021 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. <sup>4</sup>	\$ 0
7.	<b>2021 Chapter 42-related adjusted values.</b> Add Line 5 and 6.	\$ 0
8.	<b>2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.</b> Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 147,002,390
9.	<b>2021 taxable value of property in territory the school deannexed after Jan. 1, 2021</b> Enter the 2021 value of property in deannexed territory. <sup>5</sup>	\$ 0

<sup>1</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)  
<sup>2</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)  
<sup>3</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)  
<sup>4</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)  
<sup>5</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
10.	<p><b>2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2022</b> If the school district increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freepport goods-in-transit, or temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2022 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.</p> <p><b>A. Absolute exemptions.</b> Use 2021 market value: ..... \$ <u>14,620</u></p> <p><b>B. Partial exemptions.</b> 2022 exemption amount or 2022 percentage exemption times 2021 value: ..... + \$ <u>185,610</u></p> <p><b>C. Value loss.</b> Add A and B. <sup>6</sup></p>	\$ <u>200,230</u>
11.	<p><b>2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2022.</b> Use only properties that qualified in 2022 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2021.</p> <p><b>A. 2021 market value.</b> ..... \$ <u>0</u></p> <p><b>B. 2022 productivity or special appraised value:</b> ..... - \$ <u>0</u></p> <p><b>C. Value loss.</b> Subtract B from A. <sup>7</sup></p>	\$ <u>0</u>
12.	<b>Total adjustments for lost value.</b> Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$ <u>200,230</u>
13.	<b>Adjusted 2021 taxable value.</b> Subtract Line 12 from Line 8.	\$ <u>146,802,160</u>
14.	<b>Adjusted 2021 total levy.</b> Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by \$100.	\$ <u>1,975,076</u>
15.	<b>Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021.</b> Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years preceding tax year 2021. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021. <sup>8</sup>	\$ <u>538</u>
16.	<p><b>Adjusted 2021 levy with refunds.</b> Add Line 14 and Line 15. <sup>9</sup></p> <p>Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, subtract the amount of taxes the governing body dedicated to the junior college district in 2021 from the result.</p>	\$ <u>1,975,614</u>
17.	<p><b>Total 2022 taxable value on the 2022 certified appraisal roll today.</b> This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in line 19). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. <sup>10</sup></p> <p><b>A. Certified values.</b><sup>11</sup> ..... \$ <u>168,572,590</u></p> <p><b>B. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption:</b> Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: ..... - \$ <u>0</u></p> <p><b>C. Total 2022 value.</b> Subtract B from A.</p>	\$ <u>168,572,590</u>
18.	<p><b>Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll.</b> <sup>12</sup></p> <p><b>A. 2022 taxable value of properties under protest.</b> The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. <sup>13</sup> ..... \$ <u>0</u></p> <p><b>B. 2022 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll.</b> The chief appraiser gives school districts a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties are also not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value not on the roll. <sup>14</sup> ..... + \$ <u>0</u></p> <p><b>C. Total value under protest or not certified.</b> Add A and B.</p>	\$ <u>0</u>
19.	<b>2022 tax ceilings.</b> Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. <sup>15</sup>	\$ <u>2,810,260</u>

<sup>6</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)  
<sup>7</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)  
<sup>8</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)  
<sup>9</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)  
<sup>10</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.012, 26.04(c-2)  
<sup>11</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)  
<sup>12</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)  
<sup>13</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)  
<sup>14</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)  
<sup>15</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
20.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Add Lines 17C and 18C. Subtract Line 19.	\$ 165,762,330
21.	<b>Total 2022 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2021.</b> Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2022 value of property in territory annexed by the school district.	\$ 0
22.	<b>Total 2022 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements.</b> New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2021. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the school district after Jan. 1, 2021, and be located in a new improvement.	\$ 447,410
23.	<b>Total adjustments to the 2022 taxable value.</b> Add lines 21 and 22.	\$ 447,410
24.	<b>Adjusted 2022 taxable value.</b> Subtract line 23 from line 20.	\$ 165,314,920
25.	<b>2022 NNR tax rate.</b> Divide line 16 by line 24 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 1.19473 /\$100

**SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate**

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. Most school districts calculate a voter-approval tax rate that is split into three separate rates.<sup>18</sup>

- Maximum Compressed Tax Rate (MCR):** A district’s maximum compressed tax rate is defined as the tax rate for the current tax year per \$100 of valuation of taxable property at which the district must levy a maintenance and operations tax to receive the full amount of the tier one allotment.<sup>19</sup>
- Enrichment Tax Rate:**<sup>20</sup> A district’s enrichment tax rate is defined as any tax effort in excess of the district’s MCR and less than \$0.17. The enrichment tax rate is divided into golden pennies and copper pennies. School districts can claim up to 8 golden pennies, not subject to compression, and 9 copper pennies which are subject to compression with any increases in the guaranteed yield.<sup>21</sup>
- Debt Rate:** The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the school district’s debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The MCR and Enrichment Tax Rate added together make up the school district’s maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate. Districts cannot increase the district’s M&O tax rate to create a surplus in M&O tax revenue for the purpose of paying the district’s debt service.<sup>22</sup>

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate (disaster pennies) in the calculation this year. This adjustment will be made in Section 4 of this worksheet.

A district must complete an efficiency audit before seeking voter approval to adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate, hold an open meeting to discuss the results of the audit, and post the results of the audit on the district’s website 30 days prior to the election.<sup>23</sup> Additionally, a school district located in an area declared a disaster by the governor may adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate during the two-year period following the date of the *declaration without conducting an efficiency audit*.<sup>24</sup>

Districts should review information from TEA when calculating their voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
26.	<b>2022 maximum compressed tax rate (MCR).</b> TEA will publish compression rates based on district and statewide property value growth. Enter the school districts’ maximum compressed rate based on guidance from TEA. <sup>25</sup>	\$ 0.81650 /\$100
27.	<b>2022 enrichment tax rate.</b> Enter the greater of A and B. <sup>26</sup> A. Enter the district’s 2021 enrichment tax rate, minus any required reduction under Education Code Section 48.202(f) ..... \$ 0.00000 /\$100 B. \$0.05 per \$100 of taxable value ..... \$ 0.05000 /\$100	\$ 0.05000 /\$100
28.	<b>2022 maintenance and operations (M&amp;O) tax rate.</b> Add Lines 26 and 27. Note: M&O tax rate may not exceed the sum of \$0.17 and the district’s maximum compressed rate. <sup>27</sup>	\$ 0.86650 /\$100

<sup>16</sup> [Reserved for expansion]  
<sup>17</sup> [Reserved for expansion]  
<sup>18</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n)  
<sup>19</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §48.2551(a)(3)  
<sup>20</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.08(j) and Tex. Edu. Code §45.0032  
<sup>21</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §548.202(a-1)(2) and 48.202(f)  
<sup>22</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §45.0021(a)  
<sup>23</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b)  
<sup>24</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b-1)  
<sup>25</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §548.255, 48.2551(b)(1) and (b)(2)  
<sup>26</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n)(2)  
<sup>27</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §45.003(e)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
29.	<p><b>Total 2022 debt to be paid with property tax revenue.</b> Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Are paid by property taxes;</li> <li>(2) Are secured by property taxes;</li> <li>(3) Are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year; and</li> <li>(4) Are not classified in the school district’s budget as M&amp;O expenses.</li> </ul> <p>A. <b>Debt</b> includes contractual payments to other school districts that have incurred debt on behalf of this school district, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here.</p> <p>28 Enter debt amount: ..... \$ <u>564,050</u></p> <p>B. Subtract <b>unencumbered fund amount</b> used to reduce total debt. .... - \$ <u>0</u></p> <p>C. Subtract <b>state aid</b> received for paying principal and interest on debt for facilities through the existing debt allotment program and/or instructional facilities allotment program. .... - \$ <u>0</u></p> <p>D. <b>Adjust debt:</b> Subtract B and C from A. .... \$ <u>564,050</u></p>	
30.	<b>Certified 2021 excess debt collections.</b> Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	\$ <u>0</u>
31.	<b>Adjusted 2022 debt.</b> Subtract line 30 from line 29D.	\$ <u>564,050</u>
32.	<p><b>2022 anticipated collection rate.</b> If the anticipated rate in A is lower than actual rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 30</p> <p>A. Enter the 2022 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 31 <u>0</u> %</p> <p>B. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate <u>99.00</u> %</p> <p>C. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate <u>103.00</u> %</p> <p>D. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate <u>101.00</u> %</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><u>99.00</u> %</p>	
33.	<p><b>2022 debt adjusted for collections.</b> Divide Line 31 by Line 32.</p> <p>Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, add the amount of taxes the governing body proposes to dedicate to the junior college district in 2022 to the result.</p>	\$ <u>569,747</u>
34.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount on Line 20 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ <u>165,762,330</u>
35.	<b>2022 debt rate.</b> Divide Line 33 by Line 34 and multiply by \$100.	\$ <u>0.34371</u> /\$100
36.	<p><b>2022 voter-approval tax rate.</b> Add Lines 28 and 35.</p> <p>If the school district received distributions from an equalization tax imposed under former Chapter 18, Education Code, add the NNR tax rate as of the date of the county unit system’s abolition to the sum of Lines 28 and 35. 32</p>	\$ <u>1.21021</u> /\$100

**SECTION 3: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control**

A school district may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The school district’s expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The school district must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a school district that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
37.	<p><b>Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).</b> Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. 33 The school district shall provide its tax assessor with a copy of the letter. 34</p>	\$ <u>0</u>

28 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7)  
 29 Tex. Tax Code §§26.012(10) and 26.04(b)  
 30 Tex. Tax Code §§26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)  
 31 Tex. Tax Code §26.04(b)  
 32 Tex. Tax Code §26.08(g)  
 33 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)  
 34 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(f)

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
38.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount on Line 20 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 165,762,330
39.	<b>Additional rate for pollution control.</b> Divide line 37 by line 38 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0 /\$100
40.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control.</b> Add line 36 and line 39.	\$ 1.21021 /\$100

**SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment in Year Following Disaster**

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate in the calculation this year.<sup>35</sup> As such, it must reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.

This section applies to a school district in a disaster area that adopts a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year, as provided for by Tax Code Section 26.042(e).

Line	Prior Year Disaster Adjustment Worksheet	Amount/Rate
41.	<b>2021 adopted tax rate.</b> Enter the rate in Line 4 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 1.34540 /\$100
42.	<b>2021 voter-approval tax rate.</b> If the school district adopted a tax rate above the 2021 voter-approval tax rate without holding an election due to a disaster, enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$ 0 /\$100
43.	<b>Increase in 2021 tax rate due to disaster (disaster pennies).</b> Subtract Line 42 from Line 41.	\$ 0 /\$100
44.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for prior year disaster.</b> Subtract Line 43 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 36 or Line 40 (school districts with pollution control).	\$ 1.21021 /\$100

**SECTION 5: Total Tax Rate**

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate ..... \$ 1.19473 /\$100  
 Enter the 2022 NNR tax rate from Line 25.

Voter-Approval Tax Rate ..... \$ 1.21021 /\$100  
 As applicable, enter the 2022 voter-approval tax rate from Line 36, Line 40 or Line 44. Indicate the line number used: 36

**SECTION 6: School District Representative Name and Signature**

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the school district. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the school district and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code and Education Code.<sup>36</sup>

**print here** → [Signature]  
 Printed Name of School District Representative

**sign here** → \_\_\_\_\_  
 School District Representative

\_\_\_\_\_ Date 8-3-2022

<sup>35</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f) and Tex. Edu. Code § 45.0032(d)  
<sup>36</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

# 2022 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

Form 50-859

## School Districts without Chapter 313 Agreements

Patton Springs ISD

806-689-2220

School District's Name

Phone (area code and number)

PO Box 32 Afton Tx

www.pattonsprings.net

School District's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

School District's Website Address

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### SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of revenue if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years (no new taxes). When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	<b>2021 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount of 2021 taxable value on the 2021 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections made under Tax Code Section 25.25(d) from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2). <sup>1</sup>	\$ 89,590,275
2.	<b>2021 tax ceilings.</b> Enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. <sup>2</sup>	\$ 0
3.	<b>Preliminary 2021 adjusted taxable value.</b> Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 89,590,275
4.	<b>2021 total adopted tax rate.</b>	\$ 1.05170 /\$100
5.	<b>2021 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2021 appraised value.</b>	
	A. Original 2021 ARB values: .....	\$ 0
	B. 2021 values resulting from final court decisions: .....	-\$ 0
	C. 2021 value loss. Subtract B from A. <sup>3</sup>	\$ 0
6.	<b>2021 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.</b>	
	A. 2021 ARB certified value: .....	\$ 0
	B. 2021 disputed value: .....	-\$ 0
	C. 2021 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. <sup>4</sup>	\$ 0
7.	<b>2021 Chapter 42-related adjusted values.</b> Add Line 5 and 6.	\$ 0
8.	<b>2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.</b> Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 89,590,275
9.	<b>2021 taxable value of property in territory the school deannexed after Jan. 1, 2021</b> Enter the 2021 value of property in deannexed territory. <sup>5</sup>	\$ 0

<sup>1</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

<sup>2</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

<sup>3</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

<sup>4</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

<sup>5</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
10.	<p><b>2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2022</b> If the school district increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport goods-in-transit, or temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2022 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.</p> <p><b>A. Absolute exemptions.</b> Use 2021 market value:..... \$ <u>                    0</u></p> <p><b>B. Partial exemptions.</b> 2022 exemption amount or 2022 percentage exemption times 2021 value: ..... + \$ <u>                    68,520</u></p> <p><b>C. Value loss.</b> Add A and B. <sup>6</sup></p>	\$ <u>                    68,520</u>
11.	<p><b>2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2022.</b> Use only properties that qualified in 2022 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2021.</p> <p><b>A. 2021 market value.</b> ..... \$ <u>                    0</u></p> <p><b>B. 2022 productivity or special appraised value:</b> ..... - \$ <u>                    0</u></p> <p><b>C. Value loss.</b> Subtract B from A. <sup>7</sup></p>	\$ <u>                    0</u>
12.	<b>Total adjustments for lost value.</b> Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$ <u>                    68,520</u>
13.	<b>Adjusted 2021 taxable value.</b> Subtract Line 12 from Line 8.	\$ <u>                  89,521,755</u>
14.	<b>Adjusted 2021 total levy.</b> Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by \$100.	\$ <u>                    941,500</u>
15.	<b>Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021.</b> Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years preceding tax year 2021. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021. <sup>8</sup>	\$ <u>                    0</u>
16.	<p><b>Adjusted 2021 levy with refunds.</b> Add Line 14 and Line 15. <sup>9</sup></p> <p>Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, subtract the amount of taxes the governing body dedicated to the junior college district in 2021 from the result.</p>	\$ <u>                    941,500</u>
17.	<p><b>Total 2022 taxable value on the 2022 certified appraisal roll today.</b> This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in line 19). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. <sup>10</sup></p> <p><b>A. Certified values.</b><sup>11</sup> ..... \$ <u>          104,877,740</u></p> <p><b>B. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption:</b> Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: ..... - \$ <u>                    0</u></p> <p><b>C. Total 2022 value.</b> Subtract B from A.</p>	\$ <u>          104,877,740</u>
18.	<p><b>Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll.</b> <sup>12</sup></p> <p><b>A. 2022 taxable value of properties under protest.</b> The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. <sup>13</sup> ..... \$ <u>                    0</u></p> <p><b>B. 2022 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll.</b> The chief appraiser gives school districts a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties are also not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value not on the roll. <sup>14</sup> ..... + \$ <u>                    0</u></p> <p><b>C. Total value under protest or not certified.</b> Add A and B.</p>	\$ <u>                    0</u>
19.	<b>2022 tax ceilings.</b> Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. <sup>15</sup>	\$ <u>                  9,333,300</u>

<sup>6</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)  
<sup>7</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)  
<sup>8</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)  
<sup>9</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)  
<sup>10</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.012, 26.04(c-2)  
<sup>11</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)  
<sup>12</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)  
<sup>13</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)  
<sup>14</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)  
<sup>15</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
20.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Add Lines 17C and 18C. Subtract Line 19.	\$ 95,544,440
21.	<b>Total 2022 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2021.</b> Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2022 value of property in territory annexed by the school district.	\$ 0
22.	<b>Total 2022 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements.</b> New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2021. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the school district after Jan. 1, 2021, and be located in a new improvement.	\$ 18,128,910
23.	<b>Total adjustments to the 2022 taxable value.</b> Add lines 21 and 22.	\$ 18,128,910
24.	<b>Adjusted 2022 taxable value.</b> Subtract line 23 from line 20.	\$ 77,415,530
25.	<b>2022 NNR tax rate.</b> Divide line 16 by line 24 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 1.21616 /\$100

**SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate**

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. Most school districts calculate a voter-approval tax rate that is split into three separate rates.<sup>18</sup>

- Maximum Compressed Tax Rate (MCR):** A district’s maximum compressed tax rate is defined as the tax rate for the current tax year per \$100 of valuation of taxable property at which the district must levy a maintenance and operations tax to receive the full amount of the tier one allotment.<sup>19</sup>
- Enrichment Tax Rate:**<sup>20</sup> A district’s enrichment tax rate is defined as any tax effort in excess of the district’s MCR and less than \$0.17. The enrichment tax rate is divided into golden pennies and copper pennies. School districts can claim up to 8 golden pennies, not subject to compression, and 9 copper pennies which are subject to compression with any increases in the guaranteed yield.<sup>21</sup>
- Debt Rate:** The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the school district’s debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The MCR and Enrichment Tax Rate added together make up the school district’s maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate. Districts cannot increase the district’s M&O tax rate to create a surplus in M&O tax revenue for the purpose of paying the district’s debt service.<sup>22</sup>

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate (disaster pennies) in the calculation this year. This adjustment will be made in Section 4 of this worksheet.

A district must complete an efficiency audit before seeking voter approval to adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate, hold an open meeting to discuss the results of the audit, and post the results of the audit on the district’s website 30 days prior to the election.<sup>23</sup> Additionally, a school district located in an area declared a disaster by the governor may adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate during the two-year period following the date of the *declaration without conducting an efficiency audit*.<sup>24</sup>

Districts should review information from TEA when calculating their voter-approval tax rate.

Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
26.	<b>2022 maximum compressed tax rate (MCR).</b> TEA will publish compression rates based on district and statewide property value growth. Enter the school districts’ maximum compressed rate based on guidance from TEA. <sup>25</sup>	\$ 0.80460 /\$100
27.	<b>2022 enrichment tax rate.</b> Enter the greater of A and B. <sup>26</sup>	\$ 0.13830 /\$100
	A. Enter the district’s 2021 enrichment tax rate, minus any required reduction under Education Code Section 48.202(f) .....	0.13830 \$ 0.0500 /\$100
	B. \$0.05 per \$100 of taxable value .....	\$ /\$100
28.	<b>2022 maintenance and operations (M&amp;O) tax rate.</b> Add Lines 26 and 27.  Note: M&O tax rate may not exceed the sum of \$0.17 and the district’s maximum compressed rate. <sup>27</sup>	\$ 0.94290 /\$100

<sup>16</sup> [Reserved for expansion]  
<sup>17</sup> [Reserved for expansion]  
<sup>18</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n)  
<sup>19</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §48.2551(a)(3)  
<sup>20</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.08(j) and Tex. Edu. Code §45.0032  
<sup>21</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §548.202(a-1)(2) and 48.202(f)  
<sup>22</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §45.0021(a)  
<sup>23</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b)  
<sup>24</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b-1)  
<sup>25</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §548.255, 48.2551(b)(1) and (b)(2)  
<sup>26</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n)(2)  
<sup>27</sup> Tex. Edu. Code §45.003(e)



Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
29.	<p><b>Total 2022 debt to be paid with property tax revenue.</b> Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Are paid by property taxes;</li> <li>(2) Are secured by property taxes;</li> <li>(3) Are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year; and</li> <li>(4) Are not classified in the school district's budget as M&amp;O expenses.</li> </ul> <p>A. <b>Debt</b> includes contractual payments to other school districts that have incurred debt on behalf of this school district, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here.                      Enter debt amount: ..... \$ _____ 0</p> <p>B. Subtract <b>unencumbered fund amount</b> used to reduce total debt. .... - \$ _____ 0</p> <p>C. Subtract <b>state aid</b> received for paying principal and interest on debt for facilities through the existing debt allotment program and/or instructional facilities allotment program. .... - \$ _____ 0</p> <p>D. <b>Adjust debt:</b> Subtract B and C from A.</p>	\$ _____ 0
30.	<b>Certified 2021 excess debt collections.</b> Enter the amount certified by the collector. <sup>29</sup>	\$ _____ 0
31.	<b>Adjusted 2022 debt.</b> Subtract line 30 from line 29D.	\$ _____ 0
32.	<p><b>2022 anticipated collection rate.</b> If the anticipated rate in A is lower than actual rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. <sup>30</sup></p> <p>A. Enter the 2022 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. <sup>31</sup> _____ 0.00 _____ %</p> <p>B. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate _____ 100.00 _____ %</p> <p>C. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate _____ 99.00 _____ %</p> <p>D. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate _____ 105.00 _____ %</p>	_____ 99.00 _____ %
33.	<p><b>2022 debt adjusted for collections.</b> Divide Line 31 by Line 32.</p> <p>Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, add the amount of taxes the governing body proposes to dedicate to the junior college district in 2022 to the result.</p>	\$ _____ 0
34.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount on Line 20 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ _____ 95,544,440
35.	<b>2022 debt rate.</b> Divide Line 33 by Line 34 and multiply by \$100.	\$ _____ 0 _____ /\$100
36.	<p><b>2022 voter-approval tax rate.</b> Add Lines 28 and 35.</p> <p>If the school district received distributions from an equalization tax imposed under former Chapter 18, Education Code, add the NNR tax rate as of the date of the county unit system's abolition to the sum of Lines 28 and 35. <sup>32</sup></p>	\$ _____ 0.94290 _____ /\$100

**SECTION 3: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control**

A school district may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The school district's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The school district must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a school district that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
37.	<p><b>Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).</b> Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. <sup>33</sup> The school district shall provide its tax assessor with a copy of the letter. <sup>34</sup></p>	\$ _____ 0

<sup>28</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7)  
<sup>29</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§26.012(10) and 26.04(b)  
<sup>30</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)  
<sup>31</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.04(b)  
<sup>32</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.08(g)  
<sup>33</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)  
<sup>34</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
38.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount on Line 20 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 95,544,440
39.	<b>Additional rate for pollution control.</b> Divide line 37 by line 38 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0 /\$100
40.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control.</b> Add line 36 and line 39.	\$ 0.94290 /\$100

**SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment in Year Following Disaster**

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate in the calculation this year.<sup>35</sup> As such, it must reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.

This section applies to a school district in a disaster area that adopts a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year, as provided for by Tax Code Section 26.042(e).

Line	Prior Year Disaster Adjustment Worksheet	Amount/Rate
41.	<b>2021 adopted tax rate.</b> Enter the rate in Line 4 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 1.05170 /\$100
42.	<b>2021 voter-approval tax rate.</b> If the school district adopted a tax rate above the 2021 voter-approval tax rate without holding an election due to a disaster, enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$ 0 /\$100
43.	<b>Increase in 2021 tax rate due to disaster (disaster pennies).</b> Subtract Line 42 from Line 41.	\$ 0 /\$100
44.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for prior year disaster.</b> Subtract Line 43 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 36 or Line 40 (school districts with pollution control).	\$ 0.94290 /\$100

**SECTION 5: Total Tax Rate**


Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate ..... \$ 1.21616 /\$100  
 Enter the 2022 NNR tax rate from Line 25.

Voter-Approval Tax Rate ..... \$ 0.94290 /\$100  
 As applicable, enter the 2022 voter-approval tax rate from Line 36, Line 40 or Line 44. Indicate the line number used: 36

**SECTION 6: School District Representative Name and Signature**

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the school district. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the school district and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code and Education Code.<sup>36</sup>

**print here**   
 Printed Name of School District Representative

**sign here** \_\_\_\_\_  
 School District Representative

8-3-22  
 Date

<sup>35</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f) and Tex. Edu. Code § 45.0032(d)  
<sup>36</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

# 2022 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

## Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Form 50-856

City of Spur	806-271-3316
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
402 Burlington Ave	www.co.dickens.tx.us.com
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

**GENERAL INFORMATION:** Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 *Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements* or Comptroller Form 50-884 *Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements*.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 *Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts* or Comptroller Form 50-860 *Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet*.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

### SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	<b>2021 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount of 2021 taxable value on the 2021 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17). <sup>1</sup>	\$ 25,764,120
2.	<b>2021 tax ceilings.</b> Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>2</sup>	\$ 0
3.	<b>Preliminary 2021 adjusted taxable value.</b> Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 25,764,120
4.	<b>2021 total adopted tax rate.</b>	\$ 1.27604 /\$100
5.	<b>2021 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2021 appraised value.</b>	
	A. Original 2021 ARB values: .....	\$ 0
	B. 2021 values resulting from final court decisions: .....	-\$ 0
	C. 2021 value loss. Subtract B from A. <sup>3</sup>	\$ 0
6.	<b>2021 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.</b>	
	A. 2021 ARB certified value: .....	\$ 0
	B. 2021 disputed value: .....	-\$ 0
	C. 2021 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. <sup>4</sup>	\$ 0
7.	<b>2021 Chapter 42 related adjusted values.</b> Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$ 0

<sup>1</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

<sup>2</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

<sup>3</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

<sup>4</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	<b>2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.</b> Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 25,764,120
9.	<b>2021 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2021.</b> Enter the 2021 value of property in deannexed territory. <sup>5</sup>	\$ 0
10.	<p><b>2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2022.</b> If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2022 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.</p> <p><b>A. Absolute exemptions.</b> Use 2021 market value:..... \$ 14,620</p> <p><b>B. Partial exemptions.</b> 2022 exemption amount or 2022 percentage exemption times 2021 value:..... + \$ 42,000</p> <p><b>C. Value loss.</b> Add A and B.<sup>6</sup></p>	\$ 56,620
11.	<p><b>2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2022.</b> Use only properties that qualified in 2022 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2021.</p> <p><b>A. 2021 market value:</b>..... \$ 0</p> <p><b>B. 2022 productivity or special appraised value:</b>..... - \$ 0</p> <p><b>C. Value loss.</b> Subtract B from A.<sup>7</sup></p>	\$ 0
12.	<b>Total adjustments for lost value.</b> Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$ 56,620
13.	<b>2021 captured value of property in a TIF.</b> Enter the total value of 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2021 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. <sup>8</sup> If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	\$ 0
14.	<b>2021 total value.</b> Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$ 25,707,500
15.	<b>Adjusted 2021 total levy.</b> Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	\$ 328,037
16.	<b>Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021.</b> Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2021. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021. <sup>9</sup>	\$ 0
17.	<b>Adjusted 2021 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment.</b> Add Lines 15 and 16. <sup>10</sup>	\$ 328,037
18.	<p><b>Total 2022 taxable value on the 2022 certified appraisal roll today.</b> This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled.<sup>11</sup></p> <p><b>A. Certified values:</b>..... \$ 28,494,620</p> <p><b>B. Counties:</b> Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:..... + \$</p> <p><b>C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption:</b> Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:..... - \$ 0</p> <p><b>D. Tax increment financing:</b> Deduct the 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2022 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below.<sup>12</sup>..... - \$ 0</p> <p><b>E. Total 2022 value.</b> Add A and B, then subtract C and D.</p>	\$ 28,494,620

<sup>5</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)  
<sup>6</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)  
<sup>7</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)  
<sup>8</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)  
<sup>9</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)  
<sup>10</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)  
<sup>11</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2)  
<sup>12</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	<b>Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll.</b> <sup>13</sup> <b>A. 2022 taxable value of properties under protest.</b> The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. <sup>14</sup> ..... \$ _____ 0  <b>B. 2022 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll.</b> The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. <sup>15</sup> ..... + \$ _____ 0  <b>C. Total value under protest or not certified.</b> Add A and B.	\$ _____ 0
20.	<b>2022 tax ceilings.</b> Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>16</sup>	\$ _____ 0
21.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. <sup>17</sup>	\$ 28,494,620
22.	<b>Total 2022 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2021.</b> Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2022 value of property in territory annexed. <sup>18</sup>	\$ _____ 0
23.	<b>Total 2022 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements.</b> New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2021. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to exist-ing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2021 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements <b>do</b> include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2022. <sup>19</sup>	\$ 110,070
24.	<b>Total adjustments to the 2022 taxable value.</b> Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$ 110,070
25.	<b>Adjusted 2022 taxable value.</b> Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$ 28,384,550
26.	<b>2022 NNR tax rate.</b> Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. <sup>20</sup>	\$ 1.15568 /\$100
27.	<b>COUNTIES ONLY.</b> Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county NNR tax rate. <sup>21</sup>	\$ _____ /\$100

**SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate**

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate:** The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- Debt Rate:** The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28.	<b>2021 M&amp;O tax rate.</b> Enter the 2021 M&O tax rate.	\$ 1.27604 /\$100
29.	<b>2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.</b> Enter the amount in Line 8 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 25,764,120

<sup>13</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)  
<sup>14</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)  
<sup>15</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)  
<sup>16</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)  
<sup>17</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)  
<sup>18</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)  
<sup>19</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)  
<sup>20</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)  
<sup>21</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(d)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
30.	<b>Total 2021 M&amp;O levy.</b> Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	\$ 328,760
31.	<b>Adjusted 2021 levy for calculating NNR M&amp;O rate.</b>	
	<p><b>A. M&amp;O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021.</b> Enter the amount of M&amp;O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021. . . . . + \$ 0</p> <p><b>B. 2021 taxes in TIF.</b> Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2022 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0. . . . . - \$ 0</p> <p><b>C. 2021 transferred function.</b> If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0. . . . . +/- \$ 0</p> <p><b>D. 2021 M&amp;O levy adjustments.</b> Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function. . . . . \$ 0</p> <p><b>E. Add Line 30 to 31D.</b></p>	\$ 328,760
32.	<b>Adjusted 2022 taxable value.</b> Enter the amount in Line 25 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 28,384,550
33.	<b>2022 NNR M&amp;O rate (unadjusted).</b> Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 1.15823 /\$100
34.	<b>Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate.</b> <sup>23</sup>	
	<p><b>A. 2022 state criminal justice mandate.</b> Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. \$ 0</p> <p><b>B. 2021 state criminal justice mandate.</b> Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies. . . . . - \$ 0</p> <p><b>C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . . \$ 0 /\$100</b></p> <p><b>D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.</b></p>	\$ 0 /\$100
35.	<b>Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures.</b> <sup>24</sup>	
	<p><b>A. 2022 indigent health care expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. . . . . \$ 0</p> <p><b>B. 2021 indigent health care expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. . . . . - \$ 0</p> <p><b>C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . . \$ 0.00000 /\$100</b></p> <p><b>D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.</b></p>	\$ 0 /\$100

<sup>22</sup> [Reserved for expansion]  
<sup>23</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.044  
<sup>24</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.0441

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
<b>36.</b>	<b>Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation.</b> <sup>25</sup>	
A.	<b>2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose . . . . .	\$ _____ 0
B.	<b>2021 indigent defense compensation expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. . . . .	\$ _____ 0
C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . .	\$ _____ 0 /\$100
D.	Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . .	\$ _____ 0 /\$100
E.	Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ _____ 0 /\$100
<b>37.</b>	<b>Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures.</b> <sup>26</sup>	
A.	<b>2022 eligible county hospital expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022. . . . .	\$ _____ 0
B.	<b>2021 eligible county hospital expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021. . . . .	\$ _____ 0
C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . .	\$ _____ 0 /\$100
D.	Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . .	\$ _____ 0 /\$100
E.	Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ _____ 0 /\$100
<b>38.</b>	<b>Rate adjustment for defunding municipality.</b> This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies to municipalities with a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code 26.0444 for more information.	
A.	<b>Amount appropriated for public safety in 2021.</b> Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year . . . . .	\$ _____ 0
B.	<b>Expenditures for public safety in 2021.</b> Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year . . . . .	\$ _____ 0
C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100 . . . . .	\$ _____ 0 /\$100
D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ _____ 0 /\$100
<b>39.</b>	<b>Adjusted 2022 NNR M&amp;O rate.</b> Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.	\$ _____ 1.15823 /\$100
<b>40.</b>	<b>Adjustment for 2021 sales tax specifically to reduce property values.</b> Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected and spent additional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2021 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2022 in Section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.	
A.	Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2021, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent . . . . .	\$ _____ 0
B.	Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100 . . . . .	\$ _____ 0 /\$100
C.	Add Line 40B to Line 39.	\$ _____ 1.15823 /\$100
<b>41.</b>	<b>2022 voter-approval M&amp;O rate.</b> Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. <b>Special Taxing Unit.</b> If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. - or - <b>Other Taxing Unit.</b> If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.	\$ _____ 1.19876 /\$100

<sup>25</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442  
<sup>26</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
D41.	<p><b>Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2022 voter-approval M&amp;O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration.</b> If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of</p> <p>1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or</p> <p>2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred</p> <p>If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. <sup>27</sup> If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).</p>	\$ _____ /\$100
42.	<p><b>Total 2022 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue.</b> Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:</p> <p>(1) are paid by property taxes,</p> <p>(2) are secured by property taxes,</p> <p>(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and</p> <p>(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&amp;O expenses.</p> <p><b>A. Debt</b> also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. <sup>28</sup></p> <p>Enter debt amount ..... \$ _____ 0</p> <p><b>B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount</b> used to reduce total debt. .... - \$ _____ 0</p> <p><b>C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt</b> (enter zero if none) ..... - \$ _____ 0</p> <p><b>D. Subtract amount paid</b> from other resources ..... - \$ _____ 0</p> <p><b>E. Adjusted debt.</b> Subtract B, C and D from A.</p>	\$ _____ 0
43.	<b>Certified 2021 excess debt collections.</b> Enter the amount certified by the collector. <sup>29</sup>	\$ _____ 0
44.	<b>Adjusted 2022 debt.</b> Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$ _____ 0
45.	<p><b>2022 anticipated collection rate.</b></p> <p><b>A.</b> Enter the 2022 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. <sup>30</sup> ..... _____ 0%</p> <p><b>B.</b> Enter the 2021 actual collection rate. .... _____ 98.00%</p> <p><b>C.</b> Enter the 2020 actual collection rate. .... _____ 100.00%</p> <p><b>D.</b> Enter the 2019 actual collection rate. .... _____ 100.00%</p> <p><b>E.</b> If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. <sup>31</sup></p>	_____ 98.00%
46.	<b>2022 debt adjusted for collections.</b> Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	\$ _____ 0
47.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount on Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ _____ 28,494,620
48.	<b>2022 debt rate.</b> Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$ _____ 0/\$100
49.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate.</b> Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$ _____ 1.19876/\$100
D49.	<p><b>Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2022 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration.</b> Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.</p>	\$ _____ /\$100

<sup>27</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(a)  
<sup>28</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7)  
<sup>29</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b)  
<sup>30</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b)  
<sup>31</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)



Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
50.	<b>COUNTIES ONLY.</b> Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county voter-approval tax rate.	\$ _____ 0 /\$100

**SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes**

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	<b>Taxable Sales.</b> For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or May 2022, enter the Comptroller’s estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. <sup>32</sup> Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller’s Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2021, enter 0.	\$ _____ 0
52.	<b>Estimated sales tax revenue.</b> Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. <sup>33</sup>  <b>Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or in May 2022.</b> Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. <sup>34</sup> - or - <b>Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2021.</b> Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$ _____ 0
53.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount from Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 28,494,620
54.	<b>Sales tax adjustment rate.</b> Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$ _____ 0 /\$100
55.	<b>2022 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.</b> <sup>35</sup> Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 1.15568 /\$100
56.	<b>2022 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.</b> <b>Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or in May 2022.</b> Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2021.	\$ 1.15568 /\$100
57.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.</b> <sup>36</sup> Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 1.19876 /\$100
58.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.</b> Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$ 1.19876 /\$100

**SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control**

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit’s expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	<b>Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).</b> Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. <sup>37</sup> The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. <sup>38</sup>	\$ _____ 0
60.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount from Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 28,494,620
61.	<b>Additional rate for pollution control.</b> Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$ _____ 0 /\$100
62.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control.</b> Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$ 1.19876 /\$100

<sup>32</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)  
<sup>33</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(i)  
<sup>34</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)  
<sup>35</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)  
<sup>36</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)  
<sup>37</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)  
<sup>38</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

**SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate**

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years.<sup>39</sup> In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020;<sup>40</sup>
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a);<sup>41</sup> or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval.<sup>42</sup>

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit.<sup>43</sup>

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63.	<b>2021 unused increment rate.</b> Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$ _____ 0/\$100
64.	<b>2020 unused increment rate.</b> Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$ _____ 0/\$100
65.	<b>2019 unused increment rate.</b> Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$ _____ 0/\$100
66.	<b>2022 unused increment rate.</b> Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$ _____ 0/\$100
67.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate.</b> Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$ _____ 1.19876/\$100

**SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate**

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit.<sup>44</sup>

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit.<sup>45</sup>

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	<b>Adjusted 2022 NNR M&amp;O tax rate.</b> Enter the rate from Line 39 of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i>	\$ _____ 1.15823/\$100
69.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount on Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ _____ 28,494,620
70.	<b>Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes.</b> Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$ _____ 1.75471/\$100
71.	<b>2022 debt rate.</b> Enter the rate from Line 48 of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ _____ 0/\$100
72.	<b>De minimis rate.</b> Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$ _____ 2.91294/\$100

**SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate**

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.<sup>46</sup>

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.<sup>47</sup>

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.

<sup>39</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)

<sup>40</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)

<sup>41</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.0501(a) and (c)

<sup>42</sup> Tex. Local Gov't Code § 120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

<sup>43</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

<sup>44</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a)

<sup>45</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

<sup>46</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(b)

<sup>47</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(f)

This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73.	<b>2021 adopted tax rate.</b> Enter the rate in Line 4 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 1.27604 / \$100
74.	<b>Adjusted 2021 voter-approval tax rate.</b> Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line.  If a disaster occurred in 2021 and the taxing unit calculated its 2021 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2021 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2021 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2021 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2021, complete the separate <i>Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet</i> to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2021 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. <sup>48</sup> Enter the final adjusted 2021 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2021 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$ 0 / \$100
75.	<b>Increase in 2021 tax rate due to disaster.</b> Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	\$ 1.27604 / \$100
76.	<b>Adjusted 2021 taxable value.</b> Enter the amount in Line 14 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 25,707,500
77.	<b>Emergency revenue.</b> Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	\$ 328,037
78.	<b>Adjusted 2022 taxable value.</b> Enter the amount in Line 25 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 28,384,550
79.	<b>Emergency revenue rate.</b> Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. <sup>49</sup>	\$ 0 / \$100
80.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue.</b> Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	\$ 1.19876 / \$100

**SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate**

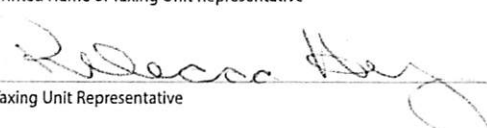
Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

<b>No-new-revenue tax rate.</b> .....	\$ 1.15568 / \$100
As applicable, enter the 2022 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax). Indicate the line number used: <u>26</u>	
<b>Voter-approval tax rate.</b> .....	\$ 1.19876 / \$100
As applicable, enter the 2022 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue). Indicate the line number used: <u>67</u>	
<b>De minimis rate.</b> .....	\$ 2.91294 / \$100
If applicable, enter the 2022 de minimis rate from Line 72.	

**SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature**

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in Tax Code.<sup>50</sup>

**print here** → Rebecca Haney  
 Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

**sign here** →   
 Taxing Unit Representative

8-3-22  
 Date

<sup>48</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)  
<sup>49</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)  
<sup>50</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(c-2) and (d-2)

# 2022 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

## Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

using 2020 unused inc.

**Form 50-856**

Dickens County	806-623-5216
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
508 Crow Dickens TX 79229	www.co.dickens.tx.us.com
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

**GENERAL INFORMATION:** Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 *Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements* or Comptroller Form 50-884 *Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements*.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 *Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts* or Comptroller Form 50-860 *Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet*.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

**SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate**

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	<b>2021 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount of 2021 taxable value on the 2021 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17). <sup>1</sup>	\$ 240,876,190
2.	<b>2021 tax ceilings.</b> Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>2</sup>	\$ 0
3.	<b>Preliminary 2021 adjusted taxable value.</b> Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 240,876,190
4.	<b>2021 total adopted tax rate.</b>	\$ 0.70000 /\$100
5.	<b>2021 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2021 appraised value.</b>	
	A. Original 2021 ARB values: .....	\$ 0
	B. 2021 values resulting from final court decisions: .....	- \$ 0
	C. 2021 value loss. Subtract B from A. <sup>3</sup>	\$ 0
6.	<b>2021 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.</b>	
	A. 2021 ARB certified value: .....	\$ 0
	B. 2021 disputed value: .....	- \$ 0
	C. 2021 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. <sup>4</sup>	\$ 0
7.	<b>2021 Chapter 42 related adjusted values.</b> Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$ 0

<sup>1</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)  
<sup>2</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)  
<sup>3</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)  
<sup>4</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	<b>2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.</b> Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 240,876,190
9.	<b>2021 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2021.</b> Enter the 2021 value of property in deannexed territory. <sup>5</sup>	\$ 0
10.	<b>2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2022.</b> If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2022 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.  <b>A. Absolute exemptions.</b> Use 2021 market value:..... \$ 14,620  <b>B. Partial exemptions.</b> 2022 exemption amount or 2022 percentage exemption times 2021 value:..... + \$ 89,260  <b>C. Value loss.</b> Add A and B. <sup>6</sup>	\$ 103,880
11.	<b>2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2022.</b> Use only properties that qualified in 2022 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2021.  <b>A. 2021 market value:</b> ..... \$ 0  <b>B. 2022 productivity or special appraised value:</b> ..... - \$ 0  <b>C. Value loss.</b> Subtract B from A. <sup>7</sup>	\$ 0
12.	<b>Total adjustments for lost value.</b> Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$ 103,880
13.	<b>2021 captured value of property in a TIF.</b> Enter the total value of 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2021 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. <sup>8</sup> If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	\$ 0
14.	<b>2021 total value.</b> Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$ 240,772,310
15.	<b>Adjusted 2021 total levy.</b> Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	\$ 1,685,406
16.	<b>Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021.</b> Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2021. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021. <sup>9</sup>	\$ 280
17.	<b>Adjusted 2021 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment.</b> Add Lines 15 and 16. <sup>10</sup>	\$ 1,685,686
18.	<b>Total 2022 taxable value on the 2022 certified appraisal roll today.</b> This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. <sup>11</sup>  <b>A. Certified values:</b> ..... \$ 283,063,020  <b>B. Counties:</b> Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:..... + \$ 0  <b>C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption:</b> Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:..... - \$ 0  <b>D. Tax increment financing:</b> Deduct the 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2022 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. <sup>12</sup> ..... - \$ 0  <b>E. Total 2022 value.</b> Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	\$ 283,063,020

<sup>5</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

<sup>6</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

<sup>7</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

<sup>8</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

<sup>9</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

<sup>10</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

<sup>11</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2)

<sup>12</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	<p><b>Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll.</b> <sup>13</sup></p> <p><b>A. 2022 taxable value of properties under protest.</b> The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. <sup>14</sup>..... \$ _____ 0</p> <p><b>B. 2022 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll.</b> The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. <sup>15</sup>..... + \$ _____ 0</p> <p><b>C. Total value under protest or not certified.</b> Add A and B. \$ _____ 0</p>	
20.	<b>2022 tax ceilings.</b> Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>16</sup>	\$ _____ 0
21.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. <sup>17</sup>	\$ _____ 283,063,020
22.	<b>Total 2022 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2021.</b> Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2022 value of property in territory annexed. <sup>18</sup>	\$ _____ 0
23.	<b>Total 2022 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements.</b> New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2021. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to exist-ing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2021 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements <b>do</b> include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2022. <sup>19</sup>	\$ _____ 19,015,200
24.	<b>Total adjustments to the 2022 taxable value.</b> Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$ _____ 19,015,200
25.	<b>Adjusted 2022 taxable value.</b> Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$ _____ 264,047,820
26.	<b>2022 NNR tax rate.</b> Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. <sup>20</sup>	\$ _____ 0.63840 /\$100
27.	<b>COUNTIES ONLY.</b> Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county NNR tax rate. <sup>21</sup>	\$ _____ 0.77520 /\$100

**SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate**

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate:** The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- Debt Rate:** The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28.	<b>2021 M&amp;O tax rate.</b> Enter the 2021 M&O tax rate.	\$ _____ 0.70000 /\$100
29.	<b>2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.</b> Enter the amount in Line 8 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ _____ 240,876,190

<sup>13</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)  
<sup>14</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)  
<sup>15</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)  
<sup>16</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)  
<sup>17</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)  
<sup>18</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)  
<sup>19</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)  
<sup>20</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)  
<sup>21</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(d)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
30.	<b>Total 2021 M&amp;O levy.</b> Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	\$ 1,686,133
31.	<b>Adjusted 2021 levy for calculating NNR M&amp;O rate.</b>	
	<p><b>A. M&amp;O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021.</b> Enter the amount of M&amp;O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021. .... + \$ 280</p> <p><b>B. 2021 taxes in TIF.</b> Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2022 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0. .... - \$ 0</p> <p><b>C. 2021 transferred function.</b> If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0. .... +/- \$ 0</p> <p><b>D. 2021 M&amp;O levy adjustments.</b> Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function. .... \$ 280</p> <p><b>E. Add Line 30 to 31D.</b></p>	\$ 1,686,413
32.	<b>Adjusted 2022 taxable value.</b> Enter the amount in Line 25 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 264,047,820
33.	<b>2022 NNR M&amp;O rate (unadjusted).</b> Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.63867 /\$100
34.	<b>Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate.</b> <sup>23</sup>	
	<p><b>A. 2022 state criminal justice mandate.</b> Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. \$ 0</p> <p><b>B. 2021 state criminal justice mandate.</b> Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies. .... - \$ 1,980</p> <p><b>C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.</b> .... \$ -0.00075 /\$100</p> <p><b>D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.</b></p>	\$ 0.00000 /\$100
35.	<b>Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures.</b> <sup>24</sup>	
	<p><b>A. 2022 indigent health care expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. .... \$ 29,997</p> <p><b>B. 2021 indigent health care expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. .... - \$ 32,211</p> <p><b>C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.</b> .... \$ -0.00084 /\$100</p> <p><b>D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.</b></p>	\$ 0.00000 /\$100

<sup>22</sup> [Reserved for expansion]

<sup>23</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.044

<sup>24</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.0441

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
36.	<p><b>Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation.</b> <sup>25</sup></p> <p><b>A. 2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose . . . . .</p> <p style="text-align: right;">\$ <u>18,135</u></p> <p><b>B. 2021 indigent defense compensation expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. . . . .</p> <p style="text-align: right;">\$ <u>4,625</u></p> <p><b>C.</b> Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . .</p> <p style="text-align: right;">\$ <u>0.00511</u>/\$100</p> <p><b>D.</b> Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . .</p> <p style="text-align: right;">\$ <u>0.00008</u>/\$100</p> <p><b>E.</b> Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.</p>	\$ <u>0.00008</u> /\$100
37.	<p><b>Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures.</b> <sup>26</sup></p> <p><b>A. 2022 eligible county hospital expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022. . . . .</p> <p style="text-align: right;">\$ <u>0</u></p> <p><b>B. 2021 eligible county hospital expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021. . . . .</p> <p style="text-align: right;">\$ <u>0</u></p> <p><b>C.</b> Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . .</p> <p style="text-align: right;">\$ <u>0.00000</u>/\$100</p> <p><b>D.</b> Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . .</p> <p style="text-align: right;">\$ <u>0.00000</u>/\$100</p> <p><b>E.</b> Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.</p>	\$ <u>0.00000</u> /\$100
38.	<p><b>Rate adjustment for defunding municipality.</b> This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies to municipalities with a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code 26.0444 for more information.</p> <p><b>A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2021.</b> Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year . . . . .</p> <p style="text-align: right;">\$ <u>0</u></p> <p><b>B. Expenditures for public safety in 2021.</b> Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year. . . . .</p> <p style="text-align: right;">\$ <u>0</u></p> <p><b>C.</b> Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100 . . . . .</p> <p style="text-align: right;">\$ <u>0.00000</u>/\$100</p> <p><b>D.</b> Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.</p>	\$ <u>0.00000</u> /\$100
39.	<p><b>Adjusted 2022 NNR M&amp;O rate.</b> Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.</p>	\$ <u>0.63875</u> /\$100
40.	<p><b>Adjustment for 2021 sales tax specifically to reduce property values.</b> Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected and spent additional sales tax on M&amp;O expenses in 2021 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2022 in Section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.</p> <p><b>A.</b> Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&amp;O expenses in 2021, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent . . . . .</p> <p style="text-align: right;">\$ <u>72,076</u></p> <p><b>B.</b> Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100 . . . . .</p> <p style="text-align: right;">\$ <u>0.02729</u>/\$100</p> <p><b>C.</b> Add Line 40B to Line 39.</p>	\$ <u>0.66604</u> /\$100
41.	<p><b>2022 voter-approval M&amp;O rate.</b> Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below.</p> <p><b>Special Taxing Unit.</b> If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.</p> <p>- or -</p> <p><b>Other Taxing Unit.</b> If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.</p>	\$ <u>0.68935</u> /\$100

<sup>25</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442

<sup>26</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443



Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
D41.	<p><b>Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2022 voter-approval M&amp;O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration.</b> If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of</p> <p>1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or</p> <p>2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred</p> <p>If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.<sup>27</sup> If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).</p>	\$ 0.00000 /\$100
42.	<p><b>Total 2022 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue.</b> Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:</p> <p>(1) are paid by property taxes,</p> <p>(2) are secured by property taxes,</p> <p>(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and</p> <p>(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&amp;O expenses.</p> <p><b>A. Debt</b> also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2022, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here.<sup>28</sup></p> <p>Enter debt amount ..... \$ 0</p> <p><b>B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount</b> used to reduce total debt ..... - \$ 0</p> <p><b>C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt</b> (enter zero if none) ..... - \$ 0</p> <p><b>D. Subtract amount paid</b> from other resources ..... - \$ 0</p> <p><b>E. Adjusted debt.</b> Subtract B, C and D from A.</p>	\$ 0
43.	<b>Certified 2021 excess debt collections.</b> Enter the amount certified by the collector. <sup>29</sup>	\$ 0
44.	<b>Adjusted 2022 debt.</b> Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$ 0
45.	<p><b>2022 anticipated collection rate.</b></p> <p><b>A.</b> Enter the 2022 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector.<sup>30</sup> ..... 0.00%</p> <p><b>B.</b> Enter the 2021 actual collection rate. .... 100.00%</p> <p><b>C.</b> Enter the 2020 actual collection rate. .... 103.00%</p> <p><b>D.</b> Enter the 2019 actual collection rate. .... 102.00%</p> <p><b>E.</b> If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%.<sup>31</sup></p>	100.00%
46.	<b>2022 debt adjusted for collections.</b> Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	\$ 0
47.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount on Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 283,063,020
48.	<b>2022 debt rate.</b> Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.00000 /\$100
49.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate.</b> Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$ 0.68935 /\$100
D49.	<p><b>Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2022 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration.</b> Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.</p>	\$ /\$100

<sup>27</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(a)  
<sup>28</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7)  
<sup>29</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b)  
<sup>30</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b)  
<sup>31</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
50.	<b>COUNTIES ONLY.</b> Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county voter-approval tax rate.	\$ <u>0.83096</u> /\$100

**SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes**

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue. This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	<b>Taxable Sales.</b> For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or May 2022, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. <sup>32</sup> Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2021, enter 0.	\$ <u>0</u>
52.	<b>Estimated sales tax revenue.</b> Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. <sup>33</sup> <b>Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or in May 2022.</b> Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. <sup>34</sup> - or - <b>Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2021.</b> Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$ <u>115,154</u>
53.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount from Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ <u>283,063,020</u>
54.	<b>Sales tax adjustment rate.</b> Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$ <u>0.04068</u> /\$100
55.	<b>2022 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.</b> <sup>35</sup> Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ <u>0.77520</u> /\$100
56.	<b>2022 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.</b> <b>Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or in May 2022.</b> Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2021.	\$ <u>0.77520</u> /\$100
57.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.</b> <sup>36</sup> Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ <u>0.83096</u> /\$100
58.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.</b> Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$ <u>0.79028</u> /\$100

**SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control**

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	<b>Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).</b> Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. <sup>37</sup> The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. <sup>38</sup>	\$ <u>0</u>
60.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount from Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ <u>283,063,020</u>
61.	<b>Additional rate for pollution control.</b> Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$ <u>0.00000</u> /\$100
62.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control.</b> Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$ <u>0.79028</u> /\$100

<sup>32</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)  
<sup>33</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(i)  
<sup>34</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)  
<sup>35</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)  
<sup>36</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)  
<sup>37</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)  
<sup>38</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

**SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate**

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years.<sup>39</sup> In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020;<sup>40</sup>
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a);<sup>41</sup> or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval.<sup>42</sup>

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit.<sup>43</sup>

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63.	<b>2021 unused increment rate.</b> Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$ 0.00000 /\$100
64.	<b>2020 unused increment rate.</b> Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$ 0.04882 /\$100
65.	<b>2019 unused increment rate.</b> Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$ 0.00000 /\$100
66.	<b>2022 unused increment rate.</b> Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$ 0.04882 /\$100
67.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate.</b> Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$ 0.83910 /\$100

**SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate**

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit.<sup>44</sup>

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit.<sup>45</sup>

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	<b>Adjusted 2022 NNR M&amp;O tax rate.</b> Enter the rate from Line 39 of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i>	\$ 0.77558 /\$100
69.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount on Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 283,063,020
70.	<b>Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes.</b> Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.17663 /\$100
71.	<b>2022 debt rate.</b> Enter the rate from Line 48 of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 0.00000 /\$100
72.	<b>De minimis rate.</b> Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$ 0.95221 /\$100

**SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate**

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.<sup>46</sup>

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.<sup>47</sup>

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.

<sup>39</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)

<sup>40</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)

<sup>41</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.0501(a) and (c)

<sup>42</sup> Tex. Local Gov't Code § 120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

<sup>43</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

<sup>44</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(B-a)

<sup>45</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

<sup>46</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(b)

<sup>47</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(f)

This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73.	<b>2021 adopted tax rate.</b> Enter the rate in Line 4 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 0.70000 /\$100
74.	<b>Adjusted 2021 voter-approval tax rate.</b> Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. If a disaster occurred in 2021 and the taxing unit calculated its 2021 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2021 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2021 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2021 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2021, complete the separate <i>Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet</i> to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2021 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. <sup>48</sup> Enter the final adjusted 2021 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2021 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$ 0.00000 /\$100
75.	<b>Increase in 2021 tax rate due to disaster.</b> Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	\$ 0.70000 /\$100
76.	<b>Adjusted 2021 taxable value.</b> Enter the amount in Line 14 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 240,772,310
77.	<b>Emergency revenue.</b> Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	\$ 1,685,406
78.	<b>Adjusted 2022 taxable value.</b> Enter the amount in Line 25 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 264,047,820
79.	<b>Emergency revenue rate.</b> Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. <sup>49</sup>	\$ 0.00000 /\$100
80.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue.</b> Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	\$ 0.83910 /\$100

**SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate**

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

<b>No-new-revenue tax rate.</b> .....	\$ 0.77520 /\$100
As applicable, enter the 2022 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax). Indicate the line number used: <u>27</u>	
<b>Voter-approval tax rate.</b> .....	\$ 0.83910 /\$100
As applicable, enter the 2022 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue). Indicate the line number used: <u>80</u>	
<b>De minimis rate.</b> .....	\$ 0.95221 /\$100
If applicable, enter the 2022 de minimis rate from Line 72.	

**SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature**

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in Tax Code.<sup>50</sup>

**print here** → Rebecca Army  
Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

**sign here** → [Signature]  
Taxing Unit Representative

Date 8-3-2022

<sup>48</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)  
<sup>49</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)  
<sup>50</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(c-2) and (d-2)

# 2022 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

## Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Form 50-856

City of Dickens	806-623-5224
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
PO Box 118	www.facebook.com/groups/345513312607775
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

**GENERAL INFORMATION:** Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 *Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements* or Comptroller Form 50-884 *Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements*.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 *Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts* or Comptroller Form 50-860 *Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet*.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

### SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	<b>2021 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount of 2021 taxable value on the 2021 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17). <sup>1</sup>	\$ 5,964,240
2.	<b>2021 tax ceilings.</b> Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>2</sup>	\$ 0
3.	<b>Preliminary 2021 adjusted taxable value.</b> Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 5,964,240
4.	<b>2021 total adopted tax rate.</b>	\$ 0.76790 /\$100
5.	<b>2021 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2021 appraised value.</b>	
	A. Original 2021 ARB values:.....	\$ 0
	B. 2021 values resulting from final court decisions:.....	-\$ 0
	C. 2021 value loss. Subtract B from A. <sup>3</sup>	\$ 0
6.	<b>2021 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.</b>	
	A. 2021 ARB certified value:.....	\$ 0
	B. 2021 disputed value:.....	-\$ 0
	C. 2021 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. <sup>4</sup>	\$ 0
7.	<b>2021 Chapter 42 related adjusted values.</b> Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$ 0

<sup>1</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)  
<sup>2</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)  
<sup>3</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)  
<sup>4</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	<b>2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.</b> Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 5,964,240
9.	<b>2021 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2021.</b> Enter the 2021 value of property in deannexed territory. <sup>5</sup>	\$ 0
10.	<b>2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2022.</b> If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2022 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.  <b>A. Absolute exemptions.</b> Use 2021 market value: ..... \$ 0 <b>B. Partial exemptions.</b> 2022 exemption amount or 2022 percentage exemption times 2021 value: ..... + \$ 0 <b>C. Value loss.</b> Add A and B. <sup>6</sup>	\$ 0
11.	<b>2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2022.</b> Use only properties that qualified in 2022 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2021.  <b>A. 2021 market value:</b> ..... \$ 0 <b>B. 2022 productivity or special appraised value:</b> ..... - \$ 0 <b>C. Value loss.</b> Subtract B from A. <sup>7</sup>	\$ 0
12.	<b>Total adjustments for lost value.</b> Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$ 0
13.	<b>2021 captured value of property in a TIF.</b> Enter the total value of 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2021 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. <sup>8</sup> If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	\$ 0
14.	<b>2021 total value.</b> Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$ 5,964,240
15.	<b>Adjusted 2021 total levy.</b> Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	\$ 45,799
16.	<b>Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021.</b> Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2021. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021. <sup>9</sup>	\$ 0
17.	<b>Adjusted 2021 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment.</b> Add Lines 15 and 16. <sup>10</sup>	\$ 45,799
18.	<b>Total 2022 taxable value on the 2022 certified appraisal roll today.</b> This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. <sup>11</sup>  <b>A. Certified values:</b> ..... \$ 6,622,650 <b>B. Counties:</b> Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: ..... + \$ ..... <b>C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption:</b> Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: ..... - \$ 0 <b>D. Tax increment financing:</b> Deduct the 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2022 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. <sup>12</sup> ..... - \$ 0 <b>E. Total 2022 value.</b> Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	\$ 6,622,650

<sup>5</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

<sup>6</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

<sup>7</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

<sup>8</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

<sup>9</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

<sup>10</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

<sup>11</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2)

<sup>12</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
<b>19.</b>	<b>Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll.</b> <sup>13</sup>	
	<b>A. 2022 taxable value of properties under protest.</b> The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. <sup>14</sup> .....	\$ _____ 0
	<b>B. 2022 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll.</b> The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. <sup>15</sup> .....	+ \$ _____ 0
	<b>C. Total value under protest or not certified.</b> Add A and B.	\$ _____ 0
<b>20.</b>	<b>2022 tax ceilings.</b> Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>16</sup>	\$ _____ 0
<b>21.</b>	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. <sup>17</sup>	\$ _____ 6,622,650
<b>22.</b>	<b>Total 2022 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2021.</b> Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2022 value of property in territory annexed. <sup>18</sup>	\$ _____ 0
<b>23.</b>	<b>Total 2022 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements.</b> New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2021. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to exist-ing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2021 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements <b>do</b> include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2022. <sup>19</sup>	\$ _____ 76,330
<b>24.</b>	<b>Total adjustments to the 2022 taxable value.</b> Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$ _____ 76,330
<b>25.</b>	<b>Adjusted 2022 taxable value.</b> Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$ _____ 6,546,320
<b>26.</b>	<b>2022 NNR tax rate.</b> Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. <sup>20</sup>	\$ _____ 0.69961 /\$100
<b>27.</b>	<b>COUNTIES ONLY.</b> Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county NNR tax rate. <sup>21</sup>	\$ _____ /\$100

**SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate**

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate:** The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- Debt Rate:** The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
<b>28.</b>	<b>2021 M&amp;O tax rate.</b> Enter the 2021 M&O tax rate.	\$ _____ 0.76790 /\$100
<b>29.</b>	<b>2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.</b> Enter the amount in Line 8 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ _____ 5,964,240

<sup>13</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)  
<sup>14</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)  
<sup>15</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)  
<sup>16</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)  
<sup>17</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)  
<sup>18</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)  
<sup>19</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)  
<sup>20</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)  
<sup>21</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(d)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
30.	<b>Total 2021 M&amp;O levy.</b> Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	\$ 45,799
31.	<b>Adjusted 2021 levy for calculating NNR M&amp;O rate.</b>	
	<p><b>A. M&amp;O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021.</b> Enter the amount of M&amp;O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021. .... + \$ 0</p> <p><b>B. 2021 taxes in TIF.</b> Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2022 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0..... - \$ 0</p> <p><b>C. 2021 transferred function.</b> If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0. .... +/- \$ 0</p> <p><b>D. 2021 M&amp;O levy adjustments.</b> Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function..... \$ 0</p> <p><b>E. Add Line 30 to 31D.</b></p>	\$ 45,799
32.	<b>Adjusted 2022 taxable value.</b> Enter the amount in Line 25 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 6,546,320
33.	<b>2022 NNR M&amp;O rate (unadjusted).</b> Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.69961 /\$100
34.	<b>Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate.</b> <sup>23</sup>	
	<p><b>A. 2022 state criminal justice mandate.</b> Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. \$ 0</p> <p><b>B. 2021 state criminal justice mandate.</b> Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies..... - \$ 0</p> <p><b>C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.....</b> \$ 0.00000 /\$100</p> <p><b>D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.</b></p>	\$ 0.00000 /\$100
35.	<b>Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures.</b> <sup>24</sup>	
	<p><b>A. 2022 indigent health care expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose... .. \$ 0</p> <p><b>B. 2021 indigent health care expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose..... - \$ 0</p> <p><b>C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.....</b> \$ 0.00000 /\$100</p> <p><b>D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.</b></p>	\$ 0.00000 /\$100

<sup>22</sup> [Reserved for expansion]

<sup>23</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.044

<sup>24</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.0441



Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
<b>36.</b>	<b>Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation.</b> <sup>25</sup>	
	<b>A. 2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose . . . . .	\$ _____ 0
	<b>B. 2021 indigent defense compensation expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. . . . .	\$ _____ 0
	<b>C.</b> Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . .	\$ _____ 0.00000 /\$100
	<b>D.</b> Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . .	\$ _____ 0.00000 /\$100
	<b>E.</b> Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ _____ 0.00000 /\$100
<b>37.</b>	<b>Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures.</b> <sup>26</sup>	
	<b>A. 2022 eligible county hospital expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022. . . . .	\$ _____ 0
	<b>B. 2021 eligible county hospital expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021. . . . .	\$ _____ 0
	<b>C.</b> Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . .	\$ _____ 0.00000 /\$100
	<b>D.</b> Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. . . . .	\$ _____ 0.00000 /\$100
	<b>E.</b> Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ _____ 0.00000 /\$100
<b>38.</b>	<b>Rate adjustment for defunding municipality.</b> This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies to municipalities with a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code 26.0444 for more information.	
	<b>A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2021.</b> Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year . . . . .	\$ _____ 0
	<b>B. Expenditures for public safety in 2021.</b> Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year . . . . .	\$ _____ 0
	<b>C.</b> Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100 . . . . .	\$ _____ 0.00000 /\$100
	<b>D.</b> Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ _____ 0.00000 /\$100
<b>39.</b>	<b>Adjusted 2022 NNR M&amp;O rate.</b> Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.	\$ _____ 0.69961 /\$100
<b>40.</b>	<b>Adjustment for 2021 sales tax specifically to reduce property values.</b> Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected and spent additional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2021 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2022 in Section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.	
	<b>A.</b> Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2021, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent . . . . .	\$ _____ 12,380
	<b>B.</b> Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100 . . . . .	\$ _____ 0.18911 /\$100
	<b>C.</b> Add Line 40B to Line 39.	\$ _____ 0.88872 /\$100
<b>41.</b>	<b>2022 voter-approval M&amp;O rate.</b> Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. <b>Special Taxing Unit.</b> If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. - or - <b>Other Taxing Unit.</b> If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.	\$ _____ 0.91982 /\$100

<sup>25</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442  
<sup>26</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
D41.	<p><b>Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2022 voter-approval M&amp;O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration.</b> If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of</p> <p>1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or</p> <p>2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred</p> <p>If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.<sup>27</sup> If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).</p>	\$ 0.00000 /\$100
42.	<p><b>Total 2022 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue.</b> Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:</p> <p>(1) are paid by property taxes,                      (2) are secured by property taxes,                      (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and                      (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&amp;O expenses.</p> <p><b>A. Debt</b> also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here.<sup>28</sup></p> <p>Enter debt amount ..... \$ _____ 0</p> <p><b>B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount</b> used to reduce total debt ..... - \$ _____ 0</p> <p><b>C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt</b> (enter zero if none) ..... - \$ _____ 0</p> <p><b>D. Subtract amount paid</b> from other resources ..... - \$ _____ 0</p> <p><b>E. Adjusted debt.</b> Subtract B, C and D from A.</p>	\$ _____ 0
43.	<b>Certified 2021 excess debt collections.</b> Enter the amount certified by the collector. <sup>29</sup>	\$ _____ 0
44.	<b>Adjusted 2022 debt.</b> Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$ _____ 0
45.	<p><b>2022 anticipated collection rate.</b></p> <p><b>A.</b> Enter the 2022 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector.<sup>30</sup> ..... 0.00 %</p> <p><b>B.</b> Enter the 2021 actual collection rate. .... 93.00 %</p> <p><b>C.</b> Enter the 2020 actual collection rate. .... 93.00 %</p> <p><b>D.</b> Enter the 2019 actual collection rate. .... 101.00 %</p> <p><b>E.</b> If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%.<sup>31</sup></p>	93.00 %
46.	<b>2022 debt adjusted for collections.</b> Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	\$ _____ 0
47.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount on Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 6,622,650
48.	<b>2022 debt rate.</b> Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.00000 /\$100
49.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate.</b> Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$ 0.91982 /\$100
D49.	<p><b>Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2022 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration.</b> Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.</p>	\$ _____ /\$100

<sup>27</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(a)  
<sup>28</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7)  
<sup>29</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b)  
<sup>30</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b)  
<sup>31</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
50.	<b>COUNTIES ONLY.</b> Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county voter-approval tax rate.	\$ 0.00000 /\$100

**SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes**

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	<b>Taxable Sales.</b> For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or May 2022, enter the Comptroller’s estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. <sup>32</sup> Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller’s Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2021, enter 0.	\$ 0
52.	<b>Estimated sales tax revenue.</b> Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. <sup>33</sup> <b>Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or in May 2022.</b> Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. <sup>34</sup> <b>- or -</b> <b>Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2021.</b> Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$ 13,125
53.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount from Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 6,622,650
54.	<b>Sales tax adjustment rate.</b> Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.19818 /\$100
55.	<b>2022 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.</b> <sup>35</sup> Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 0.69961 /\$100
56.	<b>2022 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.</b> <b>Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or in May 2022.</b> Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2021.	\$ 0.69961 /\$100
57.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.</b> <sup>36</sup> Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 0.91982 /\$100
58.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.</b> Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$ 0.72164 /\$100

**SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control**

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit’s expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	<b>Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).</b> Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. <sup>37</sup> The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. <sup>38</sup>	\$ 0
60.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount from Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 6,622,650
61.	<b>Additional rate for pollution control.</b> Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.00000 /\$100
62.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control.</b> Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$ 0.72164 /\$100

<sup>32</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)  
<sup>33</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(i)  
<sup>34</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)  
<sup>35</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)  
<sup>36</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)  
<sup>37</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)  
<sup>38</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

**SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate**

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years.<sup>39</sup> In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020;<sup>40</sup>
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a);<sup>41</sup> or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval.<sup>42</sup>

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit.<sup>43</sup>

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63.	<b>2021 unused increment rate.</b> Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$ 0.00000 / \$100
64.	<b>2020 unused increment rate.</b> Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$ 0.00000 / \$100
65.	<b>2019 unused increment rate.</b> Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$ 0.00000 / \$100
66.	<b>2022 unused increment rate.</b> Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$ 0.00000 / \$100
67.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate.</b> Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$ 0.72164 / \$100

**SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate**

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit.<sup>44</sup>

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit.<sup>45</sup>

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	<b>Adjusted 2022 NNR M&amp;O tax rate.</b> Enter the rate from Line 39 of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i>	\$ 0.69961 / \$100
69.	<b>2022 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount on Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 6,622,650
70.	<b>Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes.</b> Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 7.54984 / \$100
71.	<b>2022 debt rate.</b> Enter the rate from Line 48 of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 0.00000 / \$100
72.	<b>De minimis rate.</b> Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$ 8.24945 / \$100

**SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate**

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.<sup>46</sup>

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.<sup>47</sup>

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.

<sup>39</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)

<sup>40</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)

<sup>41</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.0501(a) and (c)

<sup>42</sup> Tex. Local Gov't Code § 120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

<sup>43</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

<sup>44</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a)

<sup>45</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

<sup>46</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(b)

<sup>47</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(f)

This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73.	<b>2021 adopted tax rate.</b> Enter the rate in Line 4 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 0.76790 / \$100
74.	<b>Adjusted 2021 voter-approval tax rate.</b> Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line.  If a disaster occurred in 2021 and the taxing unit calculated its 2021 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2021 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2021 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2021 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2021, complete the separate <i>Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet</i> to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2021 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. <sup>48</sup> Enter the final adjusted 2021 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2021 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$ 0.00000 / \$100
75.	<b>Increase in 2021 tax rate due to disaster.</b> Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	\$ 0.76790 / \$100
76.	<b>Adjusted 2021 taxable value.</b> Enter the amount in Line 14 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 5,964,240
77.	<b>Emergency revenue.</b> Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	\$ 45,799
78.	<b>Adjusted 2022 taxable value.</b> Enter the amount in Line 25 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 6,546,320
79.	<b>Emergency revenue rate.</b> Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. <sup>49</sup>	\$ 0.00000 / \$100
80.	<b>2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue.</b> Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	\$ 0.72164 / \$100

**SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate**

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

<b>No-new-revenue tax rate.</b> .....	\$ 0.69961 / \$100
As applicable, enter the 2022 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax). Indicate the line number used: <u>26</u>	
<b>Voter-approval tax rate.</b> .....	\$ 0.72164 / \$100
As applicable, enter the 2022 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue). Indicate the line number used: <u>67</u>	
<b>De minimis rate.</b> .....	\$ 8.24945 / \$100
If applicable, enter the 2022 de minimis rate from Line 72.	

**SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature**

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in Tax Code.<sup>50</sup>

**print here** → Rebecca Haney  
Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

**sign here** → Rebecca Haney TAC      8-3-22  
Taxing Unit Representative      Date

<sup>48</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)  
<sup>49</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)  
<sup>50</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(c-2) and (d-2)

# 2022 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate

Form 50-858

## Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts

WC ID	806-271-4334
Water District Name	Phone (area code and number)
1105 W 3rd Spur, TX79370	www.
Water District's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Water District's Website Address

**GENERAL INFORMATION:** The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist water districts in determining their voter-approval tax rate. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Water districts should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

Indicate type of water district:

- Low tax rate water district (Water Code Section 49.23601)
  Developing water district (Water Code Section 49.23603)
  Developed water district in a declared disaster area (Water Code Section 49.23602(d))

### SECTION 1: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate for low tax rate and developing water districts is the current year's debt service and contract tax rates plus the maintenance and operation (M&O) tax rate that would impose no more than 1.08 times the amount of M&O tax imposed by the water district in the preceding year on the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the water district. The average appraised value disregards any homestead exemption available only to people with disabilities or those age 65 or older.

The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of value and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

If any part of a developed water district is located in an area declared a disaster area during the current tax year by the governor or by the president, the board of the district may calculate the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided in Water Code Section 49.23601(a) and determine whether an election is required to approve the adopted tax rate in the manner provided in Water Code Section 49.23601(c). In such cases, the developed water district may use this form to calculate its voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2021 average appraised value of residence homestead. <sup>1</sup>	\$ 14,432
2.	2021 general exemptions available for the average homestead. Excluding age 65 or older or disabled persons exemptions. <sup>2</sup>	\$ 0
3.	2021 average taxable value of residence homestead. Line 1 minus Line 2.	\$ 14,432
4.	2021 adopted M&O tax rate.	\$ 0.031414 /\$100
5.	2021 M&O tax on average residence homestead. Multiply Line 3 by Line 4, divide by \$100.	\$ 4.53
6.	Highest M&O tax on average residence homestead with increase. Multiply Line 5 by 1.08. <sup>3</sup>	\$ 4.89
7.	2022 average appraised value of residence homestead.	\$ 17,039
8.	2022 general exemptions available for the average homestead. Excluding age 65 or older or disabled persons exemptions. <sup>4</sup>	\$ 0
9.	2022 average taxable value of residence homestead. Line 7 minus Line 8.	\$ 17,039
10.	Highest 2022 M&O tax rate. Line 6 divided by Line 9, multiply by \$100. <sup>5</sup>	\$ 0.028698 /\$100
11.	2022 debt tax rate.	\$ 0 /\$100
12.	2022 contract tax rate.	\$ 0 /\$100
13.	2022 voter-approval tax rate. Add lines 10, 11 and 12.	\$ 0.028698 /\$100

<sup>1</sup> Tex. Water Code § 49.236(a)(2)(C)  
<sup>2</sup> Tex. Water Code § 49.236(a)(2)(D)  
<sup>3</sup> Tex. Water Code §§ 49.23601(a)(3) and 49.23603(a)(3)  
<sup>4</sup> Tex. Water Code § 49.236(a)(2)(E)  
<sup>5</sup> Tex. Water Code §§ 49.23601(a)(3) and 49.23603(a)(3)

**SECTION 2: Election Tax Rate**

For a low tax rate water district, the election tax rate is the highest total tax rate the district may adopt without holding an automatic election to approve the adopted tax rate.

For a developing water district, the election tax rate is the highest total tax rate the district may adopt before qualified voters of the district may petition for an election to lower the adopted tax rate.

If any part of a developed water district is located in an area declared a disaster area during the current tax year by the governor or by the president, the board of the district may calculate the election tax rate as the highest tax rate the district may adopt without holding an automatic election to approve the adopted tax rate.

In these cases, the election tax rate is the rate that would impose 1.08 times the amount of tax imposed by the district in the preceding year on the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the water district. The average appraised value disregards any homestead exemption available only to people with disabilities or those age 65 or older.<sup>7</sup>

Line	Worksheet	Amount/Rate
14.	2021 average taxable value of residence homestead. Enter the amount from Line 3.	\$ 14,432
15.	2021 adopted total tax rate.	\$ 0.031414 /\$100
16.	2021 total tax on average residence homestead. Multiply Line 14 by Line 15.	\$ 4.53
17.	2022 highest amount of taxes per average residence homestead. Multiply Line 16 by 1.08, divide by \$100.	\$ 4.89
18.	2022 tax election tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 9 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.028698 /\$100

**SECTION 3: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature**

Enter the name of the person preparing the voter-approval tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the water district. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Water Code.<sup>6</sup>

**print here** → Rebecca Haney  
 Printed Name of Water District Representative

**sign here** → [Signature]  
 Water District Representative

Date 8-3-2022

<sup>6</sup> Tex. Water Code §§ 49.23601, 49.23602(d), and 49.23603